HOOP-PETTICOAT

VINDICATED,

IN

ANSWER

TO

The Enormous Abomination of the Hoop-Petticoat.

By the LADIES most humble Servant

FACK LOVELASS.



LONDON:
Printed for J. COLLYER, in Ludgate-Street. 1745.
(Price Six-Pence.

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Post of for J. Courses, in Lugare Street, Corns.

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Marie Carlot Committee of the State



HOOP-PETTICOAT

INDICATED.

Mechadoli,

SIR,



Otwithstanding the Folly and Stupidity of your Performance, I think myself oblig'd to espouse the Cause of the fairest and most love-

neither Duaker

the bill simix'd with a Male

ly Part of the Creation from your Infults, Ribaldry, Cant, and Ill-Manners. The fair and tender Sex, are taught by Nature to feek Shelter and Protection from ours; and therefore it is but reasonable, that while you, like a Ruffian, attack them without the least regard to Decency and good Manners, they should find a Friend capable of chastising you for your Infolence, and making you feel the Smart of their just Resentment-and the Ladies themselves shall own that I do you Justice,

Tho' you are neither Quaker nor Methodift, no, nor a very old Man, as you are pleased to tell us, (tho' by your own Account you are not a very young one,) you are resolved to shew us that you have all the Preciseness of the first, the Cant of the second, and the peevish Obstinacy of the last; mix'd with a Malevolence, that neither Quaker, Methodist, nor any old Man of common Sense and Humanity can be guilty of.

You begin your Reflections with faying that you have never been a Woman-bater, as all who know you can testify, especially those who live near your antient Seat in Sussex. Your very humble Servant, Sir, you must certainly have a very great Regard for the Ladies; nor need you have dragg'd in those who live near your antient Seat to prove it; for what is it to us whether you have a Seat in Sussex, or a Garret in Grub-Street; nor can they certainly doubt of the Sincerity and Justness of that Regard, for you immediately add, "Tis true indeed, I always wish'd the dear Creatures a little more Sense."

Upon

Upon my Word, Sir, they have Sense enough to see your Folly, and good Nature enough to laugh at it. But this is not the only Compliment you make the dear Creatures, you have abundance of other Strokes equally complaisant and delicate: But what follows is not much to be wonder'd at, as the whole Sex in your Opinion are Fools.

Having thus, the better to infinuate your Advice, endeavour'd to remove those Prejudices that might arise from the Ladies conceiving an ill Opinion of your Perfon and Qualifications, and fhewn them the fincere Regard you profess to have for them, you put us in mind that you, Sir, are a Christian, and therefore out of your great and super-abundant Piety, should be glad that these senseless Creatures minded Cards less, and their Prayers more; how are you a Judge whether the Ladies mind their Prayers or not? Would you have them make you a Witness of their private Devotions? No, no, you are not so much in their good Graces; and besides they are fenfible that it is their Duty when they

Ra

pray

pray to retire to their Closets, and perform their Devotions in secret. And I am perform swaded that they comply with this Injunction too strictly for you or I to know any Thing of the Matter.

But your Piety has not yet spent it self, for you wifely add, and you should be glad " if reading the Bible, and other Books of " Religion, took up at least half as much of their Time as the reading of Plays, Pa-" mela's, Novels, Romances; nay, and Tat-" lers and Spectators themselves." What a confus'd Jumble! One would imagine that your Pamela's was a general Name, and not included in that of any of the others; why did not you fay Plays, Cato's, &c. fince you might have done it with equal Propriety. But there would be no End of taking Notice of fuch Blunders as these. I shall only desire you to inform your Readers in the next Edition what those other Books of Religion are that ought to take Place of the Tatlers and Spectators; for I am not afraid to own that these Books alone are more valuable in themselves, and more adapted to reform Man-VOIL -

Mankind, than all the Bodies of divine Rubbish that have been writ by the Cler-

gy fince they were publish'd.

I can't forbear taking Notice of your concluding this short Lecture with another admirable Compliment. In the main, say you, I never objected against the sweet Females; but in a lawful Way, liked them daintily well. Dear sweet dainty Sir, did you so? don't you think them greatly oblig'd to you? Sure they must acknowledge the Honour. Tho' it is not very material to the Public whether you like them or not.

Your next Attack is upon the Clergy, but as they are more inclin'd to lay their Sacerdotal Habits aside, than to wear *Hoops* under them, your Remarks (pardon the Expression) seem altogether impertinent, as well as all that goes before, since it has no Relation to the Subject.

You begin with telling us, that you very well remember the first Hoops in 1709, and what every Body thought of this new Fashion, which considering your Affectation of appearing Young, seems a little

extraordinary. However in those Days, it seems, they were restrain'd within some reasonable Compass, —" But now 'tis " past a Jest, the whole Sex, in a man-" ner, especially the younger Sort, the " Misses, are by this prodigious Hoop " become a perfect publick Nusance."

What, the dear Creatures, the fweet Females, you so wantonly describe, and whom you like fo daintily well, become a perfect publick Nusance? Is this your regard for the Ladies? for shame, Sir, retract, or never, prefume to own the Power of Beauty. It is furely their Hoops and hot their Persons that are become so suddenly Odious to you. However a Man fo nice and dainty may be supposed to transfer his Dislike of the Thing to the Wearer, especially as you immediately add, that " the very Sight of these cursed " Hoops is enough to turn one's Stomach." How elegant is this, how genteely expres'd. Ah! Sir, I am shrewdly afraid that you are no more fond of religious Books than even the Ladies themselves: For you certainly never learnt to curse HoobHoop-Petticoats out of the Practice of Piety. But as you say you laugh on one Side of your Face and cry on the other, I should be glad to know whether the laughing or crying Face prevail'd while you were writing this Passage; and also, whether you don't pray on one Side of your Mouth, and Curse with the other?

You next infinuate that many Hundreds have got their Deaths by wearing Hoops, but we must suspend our Belief of this, because it wants the most material Ingredient, Proof: Which Proof you cannot offer without proving yourself a Woman-bater, or, which is the same Thing, a mere Hoop-Superficiallift, and then we may eafily fee how you came by the Petticoat Mortality; for had you ever been inclin'd to have gone farther than the Hoop-Petticoat, you must have found other cloathing between the Hoop and that which you know nothing of, nor I think never ought to know, as you are at prefent thus naturally disqualified.

But it would be an endless Task to follow you thro' all the unaccountable Jargon you have thrown together on this Subject, ject, I shall therefore throw your Objections into one View, and begin with the most material, which as you have scatter'd about your Pamphlet, and farther confirm'd by the Words of your grave, learn'd, and eminent Divine, may deserve peculiar Notice.

The Use of the Hoop, you make him say, "is Sinful and Unjustifiable, because it is contrary to the Law of Reason and Nature: Upon the Account of its mon-frous Disproportion, its absurd and foolish Expensiveness, its great Inconvenience both to the Wearers themselves,

and to all those who are near them."

This is both his and your Reasoning upon this Subject. You first assert, it is contrary to the Law of Reason and Nature upon account of its unnatural Disproportion. Pray who besides you and your Divine ever thought of the natural Proportions of Dress? If the Ladies must follow Nature, they must go naked; for Nature gave them no Cloaths: And if it be criminal to disguise or conceal their Features, their Cloaths ought to be made to cover closely every Limb: If this be the Case.

Cafe, Petticoats and Hoops, great Coats and Jack-Boots, are all equally forbidden by the Law of Nature. And indeed the rude unpolish'd Indian will have better Arguments to prove that Dress itself is unlawful, than you can have to shew that Hoops are fo. 'Tis true, that as all Allurements to Vice are criminal, fo when Cloaths are contriv'd and adjusted to inflame the Minds of the Spectators with unlawful Defires, in a Country where Drefs is confider'd, not only as a Covering but as the Veil of Modesty, it ought to be rank'd among the other Snares and Enemies of Virtue; fince the Intention of the Wearer is vicious, and her Mind abandon'd and loft to all Sense of Shame. And this is the Reason why plaiting the Hair, and adorning the Person with Gold and Silver, is forbidden in the New Testament. Not that plaiting the Locks has any thing in its own Nature more criminal than tying it under the Head-Dreisnot that Gold and Jewels are in themfelves bad, or more unfit to be worn than Ribbands or Glass, or less proper for Ufe

Use and Ornament. But as these were worn at that Time chiefly by common Prostitutes, the Apostle only enjoyns modest Ladies to distinguish themselves from these, lest by aping them in their outward Appearance, they should insensibly be led into the same Dissoluteness of Manners. But what is all this to the Hoop-Petticoat. or any Part of the Ladies Drefs at prefent? Where is the Immodesty of that Dress which keeps Men at a Distance? Besides, those with great Hoops have as unexceptionable a Character, and as an inviolable a Regard for Virtue, as those who wear the least, or no Hoop at all; nor can they be charg'd, with the smallest Appearance of Justice, with a greater Degree of Pride, Vanity, or Folly, than they; nor with less of that Piety, Affability, and good Nature, which are the Sex's peculiar Charms.

If all this be true, which I believe no one in his right Senses will deny, your Assertion that, "Fashion ought to au"thorize no Dress, which outrages com"mon Sense, confounds all Proportion,
"and is, in the Nature and Reason of
"Things

"Things incongruous and immoral," is intirely impertinent, fince no Dress is immoral in the Nature and Reason of Things, that is consider'd abstractedly and separate from the Temper and Disposition of the Wearer.

The next heavy Charge your Friend the Clergyman has made against the wearing of large Hoops, is their abfurd and foolish Expensiveness. You have rak'd together a great deal of Stuff to the same Purpose: In one Place you fay, "I pass " over the vast foolish Expence of so much " Silk, and other costly Materials, three "Times more than is necessary or conve-" nient, only to cover fuch a huge Extent " of Canvas, or stripp'd Linen and Whale-"bone." In another, you thus lament, " every Day poorer and poorer ! every Day " prouder and prouder! Every Day less " and less coming in! Every Day more " and more going out!" What a doleful Lamentation! Pray, Sir, in the Name of common Sense, where did you pick up this ridiculous Jargon? Ought a Lady of Fortune, or a wealthy Tradesman's Daughter, think you to have no Regard to

the Encouragement of Trade and Industry? Great Hoops are so far from being a hurt to the Society, that they are of very fingular Service to it; by encouraging and finding Work for a great Number of Hands that would otherwise be unemploy'd.

They not only require the Gowns to be exceeding wide, but increase the Confumption by wearing them out sooner than they otherwise would be. And this, what ever you may think of it, is of very great Service to the Nation in general, and consequently to every Individual, by employing our Poor, and increasing the Circulation of our Specie. In short, while thousands of Families are by the Hoop-Petticoat, kept from Misery and Distress, I shall always think it an Honour to be thought an Advocate for it.

Your next Objection, as stated by your reverend Friend, is, that great Hoops are "contrary to the Law of God, as being "inconsistent with the Modesty, Sobriety and Humility of the Christian Reli"gion. It is, if not the Lust of the "Flesh,

" Flesh, yet certainly the Lust of the Eye. " and the Pride of Life," &c. Here, Sit. is another heavy Charge, which I shall endeavour to prove to be as groundless as the former. That they are not contrary to the Law of Reason, which is the Law of God written upon the Heart of Man. I have already proved, fince they have nothing either moral or immoral in them, but are in the Nature of Things entirely indifferent. That they are not contrary to the revealed Will of God, I have endeavoured to evince, by shewing that those Texts which relate to Dress have no Relation to the Subject. But as there are no Texts which mention Hoops, you are forced to argue from a Consequence of your own Drawing, which I think very unjust. Your Friend fays the Wearing a large Hoop is inconfistent with the Modesty, Sobriety and Humility of the Christian Religion. You will not fure pretend to fay that great Hoops raise immodest Thoughts in the Wearers; but if you mean to charge the Ladies with an Intention of raising unchaste Ideas by this Dress in the Minds of

our Sex, you are guilty of a Piece of Slander that you will never be able to justify, till you know their Intentions, and are become a Judge of the Motives of their Actions. Hoops might possibly have this Effect, and yet they be entirely innocent, for the most trifling Action may be the Cause of a Crime in others, and yet the Agent be entirely guiltless. But how do you know that they have this Effect? do you find it so by Experience? No, no, that cannot be the Cafe, your Age must fecure you from all Temptation as well as Ability to Crimes of this Nature. Since great Hoops have been in Fashion for only two Years, and as it seems your Friend the Clergyman is pretty antient, his Case may be the same as yours; nay, you yourself sufficiently acquit the Fair Sex, of any Intention to corrupt ours, when you fay, that " young Men will " certainly like young Women, even tho' " they wear Hoops; but would like them " better if they wore none."

Tho' you have made the Clergyman express little more than a formal Repetition of what you had said before, yet I can't help

help putting you in mind that he has founded his last Objection upon a Suppofition which overthrows abundance of your fine Flights. The great Hoop, he fays, is, if not the Lust of the Flesh, yet certainly the Lust of the Eye and the Pride of Life. How does this agree with your representing it as the most odious Piece of Dress that ever was invented. " The " Hoop-Petticoats, you fay, when con-" tracted and huddled up into a Heap, " make if possible, a more awkward and " ungainly shew than when they were " free and unconfin'd, they rife and fall " into fuch hideous Wrinkles into fuch " Mountains and Vallies, into fuch a va-" riety of uncouth irregular Shapes, as " exceed all the Descriptions of Painting " or Poetry." For the Truth of this, you appeal to the Eyes and Judgment of all who fee them. This is a very odd Way of describing the Lusts of the Eye and the Pride of Life. Sure nobody can think any Vanity can attend the Wearing a Hoop, when you, with your usual Elegance, fay that a Lady feated between two others looks

looks like a Higgler that fells Apples of Cabbages fitting on Horse-back between two Panniers. I should be glad to know what resemblance there is between a Chair or any other Seat and a Horse; and how a Lady thus seated appears like a Country Joan riding to Market. Supposing a Hosp really resembled a pair of Panniers, your sine Comparison would not hold good, except these Higglers-Horses left their Heads in their Stables, and jogg'd to Market without them.

I have now consider'd all the Arguments your Friend the Clergyman has made use of, in which, in the Heat of his Zeal, he has endeavour'd to prove that the wearing a large Hoop is finful, unjustifiable, and altogether inconfistent with the Genius, Spirit, and Temper of the Christian Religion, and shall only now add, that he has advanced nothing New, nothing that has not before been urg'd against our Sex for wearing the Peruke, and shaving the Beard; which for a long Time were condemn'd by the Clergy, as an Affront upon Nature, and a Proof of the greatest Degree of Pride and Folly. However at length in spight of all their Efforts, the finooth Chin prevails, and all the reverend Honours of the bushy Beard laid in the Duft.

But I cannot conclude this Letter with-

out taking notice of some Passages in your Pamphlet, which for their Singularity ought not to be pass'd over in Silence. "Behold one of them at Church, say "you, after having receiv'd the Sacra-"ment, which, by the by, considering "her Hoop, she was not very sit for." What a Discovery is this! a Hoop, it seems, is a proper Disqualification for receiving the Sacrament. Dear Sir, is not a Petticoat as much so?

After this charitable and truly Christian Censure, it is no Wonder that you use the Epithets Ungodly Hoops, Heathenish Hoops, &c. and exclaim against their taking up so much Room at Church, though it is plain that were they twice as big as they are, there would be room enough in almost all the Churches in Town for the Hearers.

You then let us know how dreadfully you yourself are incommoded in your Devotions, one with the stiff Ribbs of her Petticoat breaks your Shins, while others attacking you in the Rear, bang your Hams and the Calves of your Legs. But is it the Ladies Fault, if you have fore Shins and weak Hams? If you

Friend to keep out of harms-way, or elfe to get into some Corner where no Hoops

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can wound your Legs or Devotions.

You have some extraordinary Conceits on Hooping Barrels, and feem to take fo much Delight in showing your Learning on this Head, that I am ready to imagine you a Cooper; for you feem to understand this Business much better than that of a Divine or Physician, in both which parts of Learning you are miserably defective. " There is some Sense, you say, " in hooping a Barrel; because it holds " good Liquor. But the Vessels, of " which we are speaking, seem to con-" tain nothing Good in them, for that very Reason, because they are hoop'd: " and very probably (contrary to the Na-" ture of all other Casks) the more they " are hoop'd, the more leaky they are." It is very odd, Sir, that you should be angry that a pretty Girl does not contain as good Liquor as a Barrel: It is true you are a very liquorish Gentleman, and as you like the Ladies so daintily well, may have an Inclination to take a Sip: You are heartily Welcome; but I promise you Sir, I will not pledge you. But how comes it, that the more they are hoop'd, the more leaky they are? This is a new Discovery in Physick: Who besides you ever thought that a great Hoop would give a Lady the Diabetes: Yet upon this SupSupposition, I suppose you found your Assertion that many hundreds have died of this new Disease call'd the Hoop-Petticoat. However it must be supposed upon the same admirable Way of Reasoning, that if a great Hoop gives the Ladies the Diabetes, no Hoop at all must give them the Strangury.

" Is it fit, you fay, that every little "Gentleman's or any Tradesman's Wife, or Daughter, should presume to dress " against Nature and Reason, against Pro-" portion, Congruity, and common Sense, " as much as a Dutchess or a Countess? "These, and all other Ladies of Quality, " especially of great Quality have, no doubt, " a Privilege to contravene, or go beyond " Reason and Nature. Whatever they " do is right, because they do it, &c. This, any one would think at first Sight, to be nothing more than a Sneer; for there is no Man of common Sense, incapable of feeing that if any Drefs can be against Nature and Reason, or in its own Nature immoral, it must be equally so, in a Dutchess and a Tradesman's Wife: For the Title of the Wearer can never alter the Nature of Things, nor render that innocent which is in its own Nature Criminal. Yet you abfurdly think otherwife, wife,

wife, for you gravely add, "that those of the inferior Sort (that is the little Gentleman's or any Tradesman's Wife or Daughter) who will needs be at the top of the Fashion, and wear their Hoops as wide as Ladies of the highest Quality are contemptible Things, and are, accordingly, by all who have any Judgment, actually despis'd." This is admirable, but you may enjoy this fine

Way of Reasoning upenvied for me.

I must acknowledge that I am as much an Enemy to Extravagance and Luxury as you, or any Man can be; no Person in low Circumstances, ought to live above them, or by affecting to imitate those of large Fortunes, to involve themselves and others in Misery and Distress. But is this always the Case? Or can you be a Judge that it is generally so? Have not Ladies' without a Title, and even Tradesman's Daughters, very frequently Fortunes fuperior to the Daughters of many Persons of Quality? Or is a Hoop-Petticoat a proper Mark to distinguish the Great from only the Wealthy? What is innocent in itself may be worn by all; but what is not fo, ought to be worn by none. But there is another Reason (which I have mention'd before) why Tradesmen's Wives and Daughters ought above

above all others to encourage large Hoops; and that is to promote the Consumption of all the several Silks, Linnens, and Stuffs worn above the Hoops, almost all of which being manufactur'd at Home, every Lady that has a Fortune sufficient to maintain her in a genteel Manner, ought from a Love of her Country, and Compassion to the needy Mechanick, to encourage; especially at a Time when we are engaged in a War that prevents the Exportation of these Fruits of their Labour.

One would imagine, by your constant and repeated Complaint of the Expensiveness of Hoops that our Bullion was us'd to stiffen them; and instead of Cane or Whale-Bone, they were furrounded with Ribs of Gold. But nothing is more unjust and ridiculous than what you have faid on this Subject, for the Expence of Hoops even added to the Copiousness of the Gown and Petticoat, is fo trifling as not to hurt a Man who has any tollerable Degree of Trade to fupport his Family; and for my Part, I should not be forry to see these carried to a much wider Extent, were this the only Piece of Extravagance we could be charged with.

But I cannot conclude my Remarks upon your Tragi-Comic Pamphlet, without one Remark or two more upon your comical Face. You tell us, that while you feem to trifle, you are very much in earnest; when you appear merry, you are really fad; laughing on one Side of your Face, and crying on the other. What a ridiculous Description! Can any Thing be imagin'd more grotesque and unnatural! Why, Sir, Janus he was a Fool to you, I cannot for my Life forbear endeavouring to form some Idea of these two Ill-match'd Sides of your Phiz, thus huddled together as if they were only join'd to form the Re-femblance of a compleat Hypocrite. Good, Sir, Knight of the comical Countenance, ESC YOUR ENORMEOUS ABOMINATION should have a second Edition let the World be favoured with the Portrait of this laughing crying Face of yours, drawn by the Hand of the facetious Hogarth, and this I dare fay will be a greater Curiofity and infinitely more valuable than any Thing you can oblige the World with the

When you are reconciled to the Ladies, to Hoop-Petticoats, and all their Appurtenances, I shall, with Pleasure, subscribe myself,

Yours most beartily,

Wete of Election of collegevented to atold

JACK LOVELASS.